TYPES AND METHODS OF STUDY

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Purpose

▶ The purpose of this lesson is to equip you with knowledge of the reading or study types, the methods involved, and how EmoEles situates among them.

Objectives

By the end of the sessions, you should be able to:

- Give examples of the methods of studying
- Differentiate between/among the hobbial, recreational, concentrative and deviational types of study.
- Identify which types of study produce positive or negative outcomes and why?
- Determine which type of study the PAR relates more to.

Before we proceed, let's do a short activity

Activity One

- 1. In your own understanding, explain the following terms:
- ▶ (a) Hobbial Study
- (b) Recreational Study
- (c) Concentrative Study
- ▶ (d) Deviational Study
- 2. Which of the types mentioned above produce positive outcomes and which ones produce negative outcomes?

Complete in 3 minutes

Activity One Contd.

Now, compare your answers with the following.

(In order to make it easier for you to understand, I have used the word studying and reading interchangeably.)

For the purpose of this material, we have identified four types of studying (Ogbodo, 1988).

- ▶ Hobbial
- Recreational
- Concentrative
- Deviational

Which one to Encourage & Why?

Products are Positive

- Hobbial study or reading
- recreational study or reading
- concentrative study or reading

Products are Negative

- Deviational study/reading
 - Brown Studying:
 - Browsing

LESSON SUMMARY WHAT HAVE YOU LEARNED?

